



## REPORT

# LEGALITY OF COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE GROUP & VILLAGE ENTERPRISES ALOR REGENCY, EAST NUSA TENGGARA

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## **INTRODUCTION**

### **Background**

Alor Regency is one of regency in East Nusa Tenggara Province with area 2,864.6 Km<sup>2</sup>, people population 190,026 inhabitants, and population density of 66.34 inhabitants/Km<sup>2</sup> (BPS of Alor Regency, 2010). Marine Protected Area of Pantar Strait has been declared through Ministerial Decree of Marine and Fishery Affair Ministry No. 35 year 2015 with area 276,693.38 hectares. The main focus air protecting coral reefs, seagrass, mangrove ecosystem, turtle, whale, shark, and dugong (*Dugong dugon*). Nowadays, fishery and marine resources management in Alor Regency has several problems : 1) More limited fishery resources, 2) Illegal Unregulated Unreported (IUU) Fishing, 3) There is still destructive fishing occurring, 4) Low welfare of fishermen, 5) Lack of awareness from community about environment, 6) Uncontrollable tourism threat towards megafauna tourism, including dugong (Ariawan, 2017).

Since the publishing of Constitution No. 23 year 2014 about local government, authorization of marine area management, particularly monitoring is in provincial government, but on the implementation of monitoring and law empowerment, there are still limited resource, even in law enforcement apparatus, facilities and infrastructure, and activity operational. For that, community's role in supporting marine monitoring activity is necessary. Community Surveillance Group (POKMASWAS) is a group of communities that help government in monitoring and law enforcement as the vanguard.

Dugong and Seagrass Conservation Project – DSCP that works in Alor through WWF Indonesia pushes protection towards dugong and seagrass ecosystem that is community-based on village level. Groups that are pushed to participate actively are POKMASWAS and village-owned enterprise (BUMDes) as a business unit that officially ruled by village, which business profit could support cosnervation activity in the village. In Alor Regency, protection focus is in Kabola Administrative Village, Pante Deere and Munaseli village as main habitat of dugong that located within Pantar Strait MPA and its surroundings. On the continous process, there are several groups that get intervention, in pushing involvement from community representative on dugong protection, also incentive that given to community by supporting existing utilization activity that intersects with coastal and marine area.

## **Objectives**

Inauguration of community group legally has objective to strengthen fundamental administration and organization of trained community group, so it could go in the same way with conservation program of coastal monitoring and tourism intencive development that is conducted in village/ administrative village level, also in regency and province level.

## **RESULT**

From three accompanied villages, there are some organizations that also were accompanied:

### **1. Kabola Administrative Village**

#### **- Pokmaswas Sinar Kabola**

Kabola Administrative Village is one of village within work region of WWF Indonesia in Alor Regency, several local community figures have supported conservation activity within the regency for so long. One of it is Pokmaswas Sinar Kabola who was there since 2011. This pokmaswas has 14 members and represent every *RT-RW*, and local religious figures. Generally, this pokmaswas has legality of *SK (Surat Keputusan)* from administrative village (Attachment 1a) and from Marine and Fishery Agency (Attachment 1b). Since 2017, Pokmaswas Sinar Kabola has become part of Forum Komunikasi Nelayan Kabola (Kabola Fishermen Communication Forum) as part of monitoring part under the marine and fishery sector.

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#### **- Forum Komunikasi Nelayan Kabola (FKNK)**

FKNK was made on November 21th, 2017 with objectives to unite aspirations from fishermen in Kabola Administrative Village. This forum aims to strengthen, unite, perception and steps of fishermen community's to utilize fishery resource optimally and sustainably for fishermen community's welfare, and fight for it. On its development, Kabola Administrative Village that is promoted to be a tourism village has pushed FKNK as the managers of any tourism business activity in Kabola Administrative Village, particularly because of one Kabola's potential that is well known enough: mangrove at the coastal of the shore, Sika Island, and habitat/ location of dugong. FKNK at first was only having 62 people as members, 17 people as organizers, that are divided into main organizers, marine and fishery sector organizers, and ecotourism organizers.

## **2. Pante Deere Village**

- **Pokmaswas Cinta Lingkungan Pante Deere**

There is Pokmaswas Cinta Lingkungan Pante Deere which was established since 2018 at January. This group consisted of 14 people, with 3 people are main organizers and it consisted of two groups: monitoring group and equipment group. Pokmaswas Cinta Lingkungan was established with objectives that the resource potential within coastal and sea in Pante Deere Village, Kabola District, Alor Regency, would be preserved well and could be utilized for community's welfare (Attachment 3).

- **BUMDes Tekad Makmur - Pante Deere Village**

BUMDes Tekad Makmur Pante Deere consisted of 3 people of main organizers; supervisors; three main units: service, trading, and small industry.

## **3. Munaseli Village**

- **Pokmaswas Tanjung Muna Munaseli Village (SK Desa is not available)**

Pokmaswas Tanjung Muna was established since 2016 and has been listed by Marine and Fishery Agency. According to data, structure, and organization of pokmaswas, there are still some uneffective things, because it's lack of coastal community's involvement and has not been fixed since 2 years ago, hence, there should be continuous encouragement.

- **BUMDes Manusirikoko – Munaseli Village (Attachment 5)**

BUMDes Munaseli Village was established with an aim to increase village economical development through enterprises like fishery, agriculture, and services. BUMDes Manusirikoko was appointed on May 2018 by encouragement from village government. Up to this development, BUMDes Manusirikoko consisted of service, trading, and small industry units.

## **CLOSURE**

Up until now, there is one pokmaswas each, on every three assisted village that have roles as a non-profit organization that is in charge of coastal resource monitoring. Meanwhile profit organization was represented by BUMDes in Pante Deere and Munaseli, meanwhile in Kabola Administrative Village, they chose to make a forum that facilitates fishery, marine, and tourism aspects.

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